

21st October 2024
OET Reading – Vocabulary

Starter:

Read the questions below and consider your answer.

You may be asked to answer verbally:

1. Why might a patient experience symptoms such as **rigours** and how can we help them to manage these symptoms?
2. In your opinion, what are the benefits of keeping some patients **segregated** in different wards?
3. If a new colleague is quite **naïve**, how can you guide them in their new position?

Spelling Test:

1. Unearth
2. Algorithm
3. Prospect
4. Tactics
5. Robust
6. Novel
7. Dampen
8. Assumption
9. Silver bullet
10. Drastically
11. Reoriented
12. Regulate
13. Characterised
14. Hectic
15. Concur
16. Multifaceted

Now match the words from the Spelling Test to the definitions below and complete the example sentence:

1. **(Verb) To be distinguished by particular qualities or features.**

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease is **characterised** by airflow limitation that is not fully reversible.

2. **(Adjective) Having many different aspects or facets.**

The treatment of cancer often requires a **multifaceted** approach, including surgery, chemotherapy, and radiation therapy.

3. **(Verb) To agree or be in harmony with someone or something.**

The medical team members were able to **concur** on the diagnosis of pneumonia based on the patient's symptoms and imaging findings.

4. **(Verb/Adjective) To adjust or change the direction or focus of something.**

After the stroke, physical therapy enabled the patient to be **reoriented** regarding their movements and thereby regain mobility.

5. **(Adjective) Full of activity, haste, or excitement; frenetic.**

The emergency room was **hectic**, with patients coming in with various injuries and ailments.

6. **(Verb) To control or maintain the proper functioning of something.**

Insulin helps **regulate** blood sugar levels in patients with diabetes.

7. **(Verb) To make something less intense, active, or enthusiastic.**

Medications can **dampen** the inflammatory response in autoimmune diseases.

8. **(Noun) A belief or statement taken for granted without proof.**

The **assumption** that all fevers are caused by infections can lead to misdiagnosis in certain cases.

9. **(Adverb) In a way that involves extreme or severe changes.**

Quitting smoking can **drastically** reduce the risk of developing lung cancer and heart disease.

10. **(Idiom/Phrase) A simple and effective solution to a complex problem.**

There is no **silver bullet** for obesity; treatment often requires a combination of diet, exercise, and behavioural therapy.

11. **(Noun) A plan or strategy for achieving a specific goal.**

The surgeon employed different surgical **tactics** to remove the tumour while preserving surrounding healthy tissue.

12. **(Adjective) New or original; not previously known or experienced.**

The researcher proposed a **novel** approach to treating Alzheimer's disease using gene therapy.

13. **(Verb) To discover or reveal something previously unknown or hidden.**

The study enabled researchers to **unearth** new evidence supporting the link between diet and cardiovascular health.

14. **(Adjective) Strong, healthy, and vigorous; characterized by resilience or strength.**

Regular exercise contributes to a **robust** immune system and overall well-being.

15. **(Noun) The possibility or likelihood of something happening in the future.**

With advances in medical technology, the **prospect** of successfully treating previously incurable diseases is becoming more promising.

16. **(Noun) A set of rules or instructions for solving a problem or completing a task, often in the form of a mathematical formula or computational procedure.**

A machine learning **algorithm** can analyse medical data to predict patient outcomes and assist in clinical decision-making.