

# **Sentence Structure**

We're going to start reviewing sentence structure!

To do this we have to understand 4 important things:

The relationship	John had an operation although his mobility had improved		
•	John had an operation although his mobility had improved.		
between ideas			
What a clause is	A clause is a section of a sentence which contains a complete idea		
The difference between a	verb clause: a section of a sentence that contains either subject +		
verb clause and a noun	verb or object + verb		
clause – and which			
linking phrases require	Two verb clauses: <u>John had an operation</u> although <u>his mobility had</u>		
them	improved.		
them			
	noun clause: a section of a sentence that contains either noun or		
	noun phrase		
	Nurses take the OET exam due to the NMC's requirements.		
	nuises take the off chain ade to <u>the nine s requirements</u> .		
The way the yearh (he/ is			
The way the verb 'be' is	<ul> <li>passive: be + past participle</li> </ul>		
used in various	<ul> <li>adjectives: is happy / was sad</li> </ul>		
sentences / forms	<ul> <li>there is / there are: There is a big cat in my garden.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>noun form: being</li> </ul>		



#### Causes

Linking Phrase	verb or noun	example
because due to the fact that owing to the fact that	verb clauses	Using because <u>is</u> easy because we have <u>used</u> it many times in the past. John had an operation on his hand because his range of motion was not good. John had an operation on his hand because he had limited range of motion. Mr Smith's operation was cancelled because there was a shortage of surgeons
due to owing to as a result of because of Can come at the beginning or in the middle (but not because of)	followed by noun clause	John had an operation on his hand due to his range of motion not being good. John had an operation on his hand due to having limited range of motion. Paul was admitted to hospital due to he had an infection. Mr Smith's operation was cancelled owing to a shortage of surgeons. Owing to / as a result of a shortage of surgeons, Mr Smith's operation was cancelled.
following - after/next - not because!	noun clause	Following <mark>a car accident</mark> , Sarah <mark>was taken</mark> to hospital.



### Exercise 1

Use the prompts below to write sentences with a focus on causes. Try and write them with both verb clauses and noun clauses:

Idea	Verb clause	Noun clause
<ol> <li>I broke my wrist. I had surgery.</li> </ol>		
<ol> <li>He had high blood pressure. John was prescribed with hypertensives.</li> </ol>		
<ol> <li>The ECG produced inconsistent results. It was repaired.</li> </ol>		
<ol> <li>He had an inoperable tumour. Bert underwent chemotherapy.</li> </ol>		
<ol> <li>His ears were damaged by listening to loud music. John got a hearing aid.</li> </ol>		



## Results

Linking Phrase	verb or	example
	noun	
Consequently, As a result, and as a result, Therefore, , as a result of which due to which, ,which is why As a result of this,	verb	The ECG was repaired <b>because</b> it produced inconsistent results. The ECG <b>produced</b> inconsistent results <b>and</b> <b>consequently</b> , it was repaired. The ECG <b>produced</b> inconsistent results. <b>As a result</b> , it was repaired. The ECG <b>produced</b> inconsistent results <b>and as a result</b> , it was repaired.
, resulting in , which resulted in , which led to , leading to - when inserting pronoun in result, always use object pronoun: him her me	noun	<ul> <li>The ECG produced inconsistent results, resulting in it being repaired.</li> <li>The ECG produced inconsistent results, which resulted in it being repaired.</li> <li>The ECG produced inconsistent results, leading to it being repaired.</li> <li>Mrs Smith / URTI symptoms / Review / GP</li> <li>Mrs Smith had URTI symptoms and as a result, she was reviewed by her GP.</li> <li>Mrs Smith had URTI symptoms, resulting in her being reviewed by her GP.</li> <li>Mrs Smith had URTI symptoms, resulting in her having a review by her GP.</li> <li>Mrs Smith had URTI symptoms, resulting in her having her with the term of term of the term of term of the term of the term of te</li></ul>



## Exercise 2

Use the prompts below to write sentences. Choose to focus on cause or result as you wish!

- 1) John Edwards/chemotherapy/start/5 days ago/nausea
- 2) experience/acute pain/stomach ulcer/meal times/Sarah Johnson
- 3) blurred vision/work accident/Bruce Roberts /signed off/ 4 weeks

## Exercise 3

# Look for opportunities to use causes / results:

1) Three years ago Mr Green fell off his bicycle when he was riding to work. He was taken to hospital. He had a number of serious injuries, including a pneumothorax. He was treated with tube insertion and given supplemental oxygen. He recovered well. Now he takes the train to work. It is less dangerous!

2) Sarah Johnson has eczema. She uses ointment every day. Occasionally she has flare ups. She goes to a dermatologist for treatment. Last time she had a flare up it was severe. The dermatologist prescribed corticosteroids and her arm was wrapped in wet gauze.



## Answers

# **Exercise 1**

	Idea	Verb clause	Noun clause
1.	I broke my wrist. I had surgery.	I had surgery <b>because</b> I broke my wrist.	I had surgery <b>due to</b> breaking my wrist.
2.	He had high blood pressure. John was prescribed with hypertensives.	John was prescribed with hypertensives <b>because</b> he had high blood pressure.	<b>As a result of</b> having high blood pressure, John was prescribed with hypertensives.
3.	The ECG produced inconsistent results. It was repaired.	The ECG was repaired <b>because</b> it produced inconsistent results.	The ECG was repaired <b>due to</b> producing inconsistent results.
4.	He had an inoperable tumour. Bert underwent chemotherapy.	Bert underwent chemotherapy <b>because</b> he had an inoperable tumor.	Bert underwent chemotherapy <b>as a result of</b> having an inoperable tumor.
5.	His ears were damaged by listening to loud music. John got a hearing aid.	John got a hearing aid <b>because</b> his ears were damaged by listening to loud music.	<b>Owing to</b> damaging his ears by listening to loud music, John got a hearing aid.

#### Exercise 2

- 1) John Edwards/chemotherapy/start/5 days ago/nausea
- John Edwards commenced chemotherapy 5 days ago, resulting in nausea.
- John was feeling nausea **due to** <u>chemotherapy</u>, which was started 5 days ago.
- John Edwards stopped chemo 5 days ago due to nausea
- Due to the fact that John Edwards started chemotherapy 5 days ago, he has nausea.
- 2) experience/acute pain/stomach ulcer/meal times/Sarah Johnson
- Sarah Johnson has been experiencing acute pain at meal times **due to** having a stomach ulcer.
- As a result of having a stomach ulcer, Sarah Johnson has been experiencing acute pain at meal times.
- Sarah Johnson has a stomach ulcer, and as a result, she has been experiencing acute pain at meal times.
- Sarah Johnson has a stomach ulcer, resulting in (her experiencing) acute pain at meal times.



- 3) blurred vision/work accident/Bruce Roberts /signed off/ 4 weeks
- Bruce Roberts has developed blurred vision **due to** a work accident, **and as a result**, he has been signed off for 4 weeks.
- Bruce Roberts has been signed off for 4 weeks **due to** having blurred eyes, **as a result of** a work accident

### **Exercise 3**

- 1) Three years ago Mr Green fell off his bicycle when he was riding to work. He was taken to hospital. He had a number of serious injuries, including a pneumothorax. He was treated with tube insertion and given supplemental oxygen. He recovered well. Now he takes the train to work. It is less dangerous!
- Mr Green was taken to hospital **because** he <u>fell off</u> his bicycle when he was riding to work.
- Mr Green was taken to hospital as a result of his serious injuries, including pneumothorax.
- As a result of *having a pneumothorax*, he <u>was treated</u> with tube insertion and given supplemental oxygen.
- He takes the bus now **because** it is less dangerous than cycling.
- He <u>takes</u> the bus now **due to** *it being less dangerous than cycling*.

2) Sarah Johnson has eczema. She uses ointment every day. Occasionally she has flare ups. She goes to a dermatologist for treatment. Last time she had a flare up it was severe. The dermatologist prescribed corticosteroids and her arm was wrapped in wet gauze.

- As a result of having eczema, Sarah Johnson <u>uses</u> ointment every day.
- **Due to** *having occasional flare ups,* she <u>goes</u> to a dermatologist for treatment.
- She has occasional flare ups and as a result, she goes to a dermatologist for treatment.
- Her last flare up <u>was</u> severe, **resulting in** her being prescribed with corticosteroids and her arm being wrapped in wet gauze.
- Her arm <u>was wrapped</u> in wet gauze **due to** *her having a severe flare up*.