Present Perfect & Present Perfect Continuous

Let's review present perfect:

- 'Perfect' means 'before'
- The present perfect connects the past and the present.
- Sometimes a past event/action can affect the present.
- Sometimes a **finished action** is in <u>a time period</u> which has **not finished**.

Exercise 1

Compare the past simple and present perfect sentences. How are they different?

<u></u>	
 I went to Spain in 2017. 	Not in Spain now.
	 Finished holiday.
	 We know when the action happened.
I have visited Spain 5 times.	NA/a dan/h la anna a sift a dahar
Thave visited Spain's times.	We don't know specific dates
I have been <i>to</i> - I went there and returned	Sometime between the speaker's birth and
Thave been to - I went there and returned	now - <i>unfinished time period.</i>
	Not in Spain now.
 I moved to Spain in 2019. 	
	We know when the action happened.
	We don't know where I am now.
Lhave lived in Coain for 10 years	
I have lived in Spain for 10 years.	
I have been <i>in</i> - I arrived and didn't leave. I	I live in Spain now.
am there now.	I moved to Spain in 2012.
an there now.	
I lived in Spain for 10 years, from	
2001 to 2011.	
	I don't live in Spain now.
	I know when it happened.
I have felt tired lately.	The tiredness began possibly up to a month ago
·	- maybe less

Approximately 14th March / 3 weeks ago 4th April
lately
We know when. We don't know how I feel now.
The medication started in the past.The medication continues.
Hospitalisation could be open or closed:
 Immediately after her operation, Mrs Smith was given painkillers.
- timestamp
Hospitalisation is closed:
 During her hospitalisation, she was given painkillers.
- time period which is closed
 Time period is still open There is no timestamp - we don't know exactly when it happened

Exercise 2

subject + has/have + past participle

Use the prompts to write present perfect sentences:

- 1. My leg! Help me! (fracture)
- 2. Scotland (No visits all life)
- 3. Italian food (once or twice)
- 4. (I'm worried) dad/ not quit smoking/heart attack
- 5. note / warfarin / prescribe
- 6. Can you go to my house? (not close/window)

Present Perfect Continuous

Grammar	Function	Example
has/have been + verb+ing	an action in progress up to the present	John <u>has been eating</u> cake.
	repeated actions/ temporary ongoing in a period up to now	I <u>have been going</u> to the gym twice a week for 6 months.
		Mrs Smith has been attending our clinic for blood tests once a month for the past two years.

Exercise 3

Use present perfect continuous to write responses to the below questions:

- 1. Why is your hair wet?
- 2. Why are you saying those strange words?
- 3. Why are your feet sore?

Today

When using the following phrases:

- this morning
- this afternoon
- this evening
- tonight

it is important to consider:

- What time is it now?
- Is the time period open?
- Is the action continuing to now?

Some examples of different tenses that can be used with such phrases. Let's use 'work':

Time now: 05:00: <u>This morning</u> I **am going to** stay in bed a bit longer. (Future - use of going to)

Time now: 09:00: This morning I **woke up** at 7am. (Past Simple - timestamp)

Time now: 11:55: <u>This morning</u> I **have worked** really hard. (*Present Perfect - Time period is not finished*)

Time now: 14:00: <u>This morning</u> I **worked hard**. (Past Simple - time period is finished) **Time now:** 14:00: <u>Today</u> I **have worked** really hard. (Present Perfect - time period is not finished)

The verb you choose is also important. Let's review with 'eat':

Action: eat 2 sandwiches (07:00 - 09:00)

• Time now: 10:45

Correct: This morning I **ate** 2 sandwiches <u>between 7 and 8</u>. (*Past simple because of* <u>timestamp</u>)

Correct: This morning I have eaten 2 sandwiches. (Something happened twice in a period which is still open)

Incorrect: This morning I have been eating 2 sandwiches. (Sounds like I started eating sandwiches early and carried on up to this point)

Answers

Exercise 2

1. My leg! Help me! (fracture)

I have fractured my leg.

2. Scotland (No visits - all life)

I have not visited Scotland.
I have never been to Scotland.

3. Italian food (once or twice)

I have tried Italian food once or twice.

4. (I'm worried) dad/ not quit smoking/heart attack

I'm worried because my dad has not quit smoking since his heart attack.

5. note / warfarin / prescribe

Please note, warfarin has been prescribed.

6. Can you go to my house? (not close/window)

I have not closed my window.

Exercise 3

- 1. Why is your hair wet?
- I have been swimming in the lovely, warm, British sea.
- 2. Why are you saying those strange words?
- I have been drinking wine. (I am drunk)
- I have been learning a new language.
- I have been learning new words because I am trying to improve my vocabulary.
- I am in shock because I have been watching a horror movie!
- 3. Why are your feet sore?
- I have been walking for an hour with no shoes on.
- I have been walking since this morning.
- I have been suffering from diabetes for ten years.
- I have been standing for three hours.